Benchmarking activity: FOLLOW UP ON FEEDBACK

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Characteristics of the contributing agencies II

- AEQES: responsible for the external evaluation of the quality of higher education in the French-speaking Community of Belgium.
 - Evaluates the study programmes (bachelor and master levels) provided by universities, "hautes écoles" (nonuniversity HEIs), art academies and conservatories and adult learning institutions.
 - It is in charge of the policies and guidelines concerning the external evaluation of HEIs and their programmes in the area.
 - **❖IQA:** Classical Plan-Do-Check-Act process.

Characteristics of the contributing agencies I

- ACSUCYL: external evaluation body of the Autonomous Region of Castilla y León since 2001.
 - ❖ Main activity designing processes and defining standards for the assessment of higher education institutions in Castilla y León as well as promoting and fostering quality in higher education institutions within the Region of Castilla y León
 - Lines of action: Evaluation of teaching staff, research, study programmes and institutional quality, studies and training
 - ❖IQA: ISO 9001:2008/ 27001. Process map of quality management system. Monitoring all procedures including follow up of feedback.

Characteristics of the contributing agencies III

- **OAQ:** assuring and promoting the quality of teaching and research at Swiss academic institutions
 - Quality audits, establishes guidelines for internal quality assurance at academic institutions and provides the relevant services.
 - Develops guidelines and quality standards for academic accreditation in Switzerland and carries out accreditation procedures on the basis of Guidelines introduced by the SUK/CUS (Swiss University Conference)
 - Conducts institutional accreditation procedures in Germany, on behalf of the German Akkreditierungsrat.
 - ❖ IQA: Monitoring of all procedures; satisfaction external participants

Characteristics of the contributing agencies IV

- ➤ QAU-VLIR: VLIR umbrella organization of the Flemish universities. QAU (Quality Assurance Unit) of the VLIR.
 - ❖ QAU assigned to coordinate external quality assurance (i.e. educational assessments) of the academic programmes/joint educational assessments
 - ❖ Flemish universities responsible for outcomes and Follow up of IQA study programmes

❖IQA

- Internal dialogue: staff meetings/quality assurance and Accreditation working groups
- External dialogue: contact with stakeholders+tailor made feedback mechanisms and follow-up system/interviews and meetings/informal contacts

Similarities and differences I

>Similarities:

Two circles of involvement:

- Closely involved peopleSurveys
- More loosely involved people Informal meetings
 Focus group discussions...

Similarities and differences II

>Similarities:

- Strong resemblance of methods/ mechanisms/tools used to collect data
- Different themes addressed in questionnaires
- Data collection and analysis procedures to obtain feedback

Similarities and differences III

- **Differences:**
- Mission
- "Perceived distance" from institutions
- Intended readership of the reports
- Different scopes of activities

Similarities and differences IV

> Differences:

- Various levels of autonomy to make changes in procedures and protocols
 - Internal
 - External

Issues addressed in the surveys I

- >Themes. Areas covered:
- Educational process evaluation
- Support and guidance by agency/executive unit
- Value estimate about the methods appliedinstruments used...
- Satisfaction
- Professional quality of the staff

Issues addressed in the surveys II

- Methods for sending
 - Questionnaires sent by post
 - Online Questionnaires

- **≻Groups:**
 - Experts
 - Institutions/users
 - Students

Issues addressed in the surveys III

> Response Rate:

AGENCIES	GROUPS	RESPONSE RATE	OVERALL
AEQES (2009/2010)	INSTITUTIONS	39%	47%
	EXPERTS	85%	
	STUDENTS	16%	
OAQ (2007/2009)	EXPERTS	71%	83%
	INSTITUTIONS	95%	
	From OUTSIDE CAMPAIGN	<75%	
VLIR (2006/2008)	EXPERTS	42%	45%
	INSTITUTIONS	48%	
	STUDENTS	16%	
	COORDINATORS	6%	
ACSUCYL (2009/2010)	EXPERTS	75%	59%
	INSTITUTIONS/USERS	44%	

Challenges

> Common challenges

- Feedback about surveys, addressing the processes and satisfaction of our stakeholders about our ways of working.
 - How to communicate results
 - How to make traceability

CONCLUSIONS

- What new ideas have we learned?
 - Similar challenges communicating outcomes
 - How to address society at large
 - How to determine who to talk to
 - Hearings and discussions with stakeholders about the results of surveys
 - Feedback in different ways
 - Part of communication plan of the IQA
 - Transparency

VLIR, AEQES, OAQ, ACSUCYL

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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